

The Post-Tribulation Rapture of the Church

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The doctrine of the "rapture" of the church is clearly taught in scripture as its meaning is inferred from the Greek word "*harpazo*," translated "*caught up*" in 1 Thessalonians 4:17. However, among premillennialists (those who rightly believe that the Second Coming of Christ **precedes** his literal thousand year reign on earth, Rev. 19-20) there are several opposing views concerning the *timing* of the rapture in relation to the "Great Tribulation" of Matt. 24:21-29, Daniel 12:1, Rev. 6-19 etc. The following arguments show that contrary to the popular Pre-tribulation rapture position, the **Post-Tribulation Rapture** (the Church to be on earth through the entire Tribulation period) is the **only** position **clearly taught in scripture**, and which easily harmonizes with all passages dealing with the Second Coming of Christ.

1. The Lord Jesus clearly taught a Post-Tribulation Rapture in Matthew 24:29-31 (& Mark 13:24-27).

"Immediately after the Tribulation of those days he shall send his angels with a great sound of a trumpet, and they shall gather together his elect from the four winds, from one end of heaven to the other" (cf. Mark 13:27).

Jesus said it clearly! The trumpet will sound and the elect will be gathered immediately **after** the Tribulation. Pre-trib proponents must dismiss this passage by saying it does not refer to the Rapture, which it clearly **DOES** refer to. The following arguments show that the event described in v. 31 **IS** the rapture of the Church:

a. The event in this passage being the rapture easily harmonizes with the other "rapture" passages

- **Jesus coming in the clouds of heaven** - cf. 1 Thes. 4:17, Daniel 7:13
- **heralded by sound of a great trumpet** - cf. 1 Thes. 4:16, 1 Cor. 15:52 (Rev. 11:15-18)
- **accompanied by the angels** - cf. 1 Thes. 4:16 (voice of archangel); 2 Thes 1:4-10
- **gathering the elect from heaven and earth** - Mark 13:27, 1 Thes. 4:14-17; 2 Thes 2:1 (*gathering*)

b. Jesus is privately addressing His closest disciples (Peter, James, John & Andrew) in this discourse (see Mark 13:3), to whom He had already announced the conception of the Church (Matt 16:18, 18:17). If the Church was to escape the tribulation, Jesus would *certainly* have told these men who would be leading the early Church. Instead, he taught them to expect persecution or martyrdom, and to await their promised deliverance **after** those days. He would not have taught this here and then later revealed to Paul that the Church would be exempted.

c. The dispensational argument that Jesus is addressing national Israel in this discourse rather than the Church, that the "elect" in this passage is the elect remnant of Israel on earth during the Tribulation, is **false**:

1. Verse 9 shows that Jesus is addressing **Christians, not Israel** ("*for my name's sake*," John 15:18-21).
2. The four disciples addressed here are representative of Christians that would be on earth throughout the entire church age, both **before** and **during** the Tribulation; *before* the "gospel of the kingdom" is preached in all the world, **and after**, see v. 14-15, and "**you**" in v. 9 & 26.
[Note: C.I. Scofield's footnote at Rev. 14:6, that the "gospel of the kingdom" referenced by Christ at Mt. 24:14-15 is a *different gospel* than Paul's gospel, is an abominable heresy (see Gal. 1:8-9). Christ and the apostles preached essentially the same gospel; that to be saved one must: (a) believe on Christ - Jn. 3:14-18, 6:29, 8:24 & 20:31, Mt. 18:6, Mk. 1:15 & 16:16-16, etc.; (b) be born again - cf. Jn. 3:3-8 with 2 Co. 5:17 & 1 Pet. 1:23, etc.; (c) enter the kingdom - cf. Mt. 4:17, Mk. 1:14-15 & 12:34, Luke 4:43, etc. with Acts 14:22, 19:8, 20:25, 28:31, etc.; (d) come to repentance - cf. Mat. 9:13, Lk. 24:47 with Acts 2:38, **3:19,26**, 5:31, 8:22, 11:18, 17:30, 20:21, **26:20**; see also 1 Thes. 1:9, 2 Tim. 2:19, 2 Pet. 3:9, etc.]
3. The "gathering of the elect" in v. 31 cannot refer to the regathering of national Israel (Isaiah 11:11). The Antichrist must confirm a 7-year covenant with Israel (Daniel 9:24-27); therefore Israel must be regathered and already in place before the tribulation (the time of Jacob's trouble, Jer. 30:7) can begin.

d. Throughout the N.T. the word "elect" as used in v. 31 (Gr. *eklectos* [1588], meaning "chosen") refers not to Israel but to the **Church**, including both Jews and Gentiles called to salvation: Luke 18:7, Romans 8:33, 9:11-16, & **11:7** (the **elect** have obtained what **Israel** could not); Col. 3:12; 1 Thes. 1:4; Tit 1:1; 1 Pet 1:2; 5:13; 2 John 1,13. There is nothing in the context of Matt. 24 to indicate that "elect" means something else in that particular passage. The context indicates that the "elect" in Matt. 24 is NOT Israel, but IS the Church.

2. The Apostle Paul taught in Romans 8:18-23 that the Rapture of the Church will be a glorious, unmistakable, creation-changing event that cannot precede the cataclysmic judgments of the Tribulation.

The clear teaching of this passage is that the one main event that *all creation* is "groaning" and "waiting" for is the "redemption of our body" - which IS the rapture of the Church. Creation and mankind were cursed at the same time (Gen. 3:17-19), and this passage shows they will also be redeemed at the same time. Therefore the Rapture of the Church CANNOT precede the cataclysmic judgments of ANY PART of the tribulation - seals, trumpets, or vials included -- and occurs instead at the very beginning of the Millennial Reign of Christ, at which time also creation will be restored to its Edenic state.

3. **The Apostle Paul clearly taught a Post-trib Rapture in 1 Corinthians 15:51-52.**

"In a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump: for the trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed." Since the Resurrection/Rapture occurs at the "**last trump**" it **cannot** take place before the "great sound of a trumpet" mentioned by the Lord Jesus in Matt. 24:31 (occurs **after** the Tribulation), nor can it precede the Seven Trumpet judgments of Rev. 8-11, and actually occurs at the **7th trumpet** itself (Rev. 11:15-18). This "last trump" is the same trumpet mentioned in 1 Thes. 4:16 and Matt. 24:31. [Note: The Revelation is NOT given in linear chronology, but includes 3 separate visions of the tribulation. The 7th trumpet occurs at the end of the tribulation, as does the 6th Seal of Rev. 6:12-14 (cf. Mt. 24:29-30; same event).]

4. **The Apostle Paul taught in 2 Thessalonians 2:1-8 that the revelation of Antichrist precedes the Rapture.**

The plain sense interpretation and obvious point of this passage, meant to dispel false alarm at Thessalonica, is that the "coming of our Lord Jesus Christ" and "our gathering together unto Him" in v. 1 (the "Day of Christ" in v. 2 and "that day" in v. 3) **will not occur until after the "falling away"** (apostasy) and the antichrist is revealed and destroyed in v. 3. (The word "by" in v. 1 (Gr. *huper*, 5228) means "concerning" or "regarding").

The "falling away" in v. 3 (Gr. *apostasia*, meaning rebellion; 1 Tim 4:1-2, Matt 24:10 etc.) cannot mean the *rapture* (departure from *earth* rather than from the faith) because (1) the clear meaning of the Greek word *apostasia* is that of rebellion and anarchy, and (2) because the Apostle Paul would then be making the contradictory statement that our gathering together unto him (v. 1) will not happen until after our gathering together unto Him (v.3).

Pre-tribbers claim "he who now letteth" in v. 7 is the Holy Spirit as working through the Church, therefore the Church must be removed from earth before the antichrist can be revealed. This theory is **diametrically in error**: (1) the Church would never be described as "He"; (2) the Holy Spirit is omnipresent God and will **never** be "taken out of the way"; (2) the theory completely ignores Paul's context and main point which runs through the entire passage, that Christ's coming must be preceded by the apostasy and coming of antichrist. This is the point v. 1-3, and **again in v. 6-8**. The word *withholdeth* and *letteth* in v. 6 and 7 is the same word in the Greek, and it is the same person withholding in both places. The phrase "and then" in v. 8 means "at that time." It is the coming of antichrist that is withholding the revealing of **Christ** in *His* time. The *mystery of iniquity* in v. 7 is Satan himself (see 1 Jn. 2:18). It is the antichrist that will be taken out of the way, at Christ's coming (Rev. 19:20).

5. **The Book of Revelation teaches a Post-Tribulation Rapture.**

Rev. 20:4-6 describes the Resurrection (the "First Resurrection") of the Righteous who will reign with Christ on earth for 1000 years. The event is presented in clear chronological order following the Tribulation period and the Battle of Armageddon, **after** the antichrist and false prophet are cast alive into the lake of fire and Satan is bound for the thousand years. **There is no previous resurrection presented in Revelation** (although this same event is alluded to in 11:15-19, the 7th Trumpet). **This event, in Rev. 20:4, IS the Rapture of the Church.**

The event in Rev. 20 is referred to as the "**First Resurrection.**" If there was another resurrection or rapture before the Tribulation, the event in Rev. 20 would be the **Second** resurrection, not the First. A simple word study of the word "first" in its context in Rev. 20 shows that the word clearly means *first* in **chronological** order, not "best" as some have claimed. It is the "first" resurrection as compared and opposed to the second resurrection and "second death" of the wicked a thousand years later following the Millennial reign of Christ (Rev 20:12-15).

Pre-tribbers claim the words in Rev. 4:1, "*Come up hither*" is a hidden reference to the rapture. This absurd attempt to find a Pre-trib rapture where none is taught is typical of the many secretive and twisted interpretations required to support the Pre-trib position. The Rapture of the Church is to be a glorious, unmistakable, creation-changing event (Rom. 8:18-23), not a secret, silent event (# 6 below). Given the clear and unmistakable presentation in Rev. 20 of the *First* Resurrection, why would such a momentous, creation-changing event as a Pre-trib rapture or resurrection not also be clearly presented? The invitation at this verse is given to John alone.

6. **The Lord Jesus taught a Post-Tribulation Rapture in his parables.**

- a. The Parable of the Wheat and the Tares in Matthew 13:24-30,36-43 disproves the Pre-trib rapture theory, showing it is the *wicked* that will be removed from earth (Rev. 19:14-21) not the righteous; *after* which the Rapture will occur, the dead in Christ will be raised, and those believers who survive the Tribulation will be transformed to enter the Millennium (Rev. 20:1-4, 1 Cor. 15:51-52, 1 Thes. 4:16-17, Matt. 24:31)
- b. The parable of the days of Noah in Matthew 24:37-41 agrees with the Parable of the Wheat and Tares; it is the wicked that were "taken away" in the flood, not the righteous.

7. **The Pre-trib argument that the Church is not mentioned in the book of Revelation after chapter 3 and that hence the rapture must have occurred at Rev. 4:1 is blatantly false.**

- a. An argument from silence is a weak argument. The Bible does not contain the words "rapture" or "trinity" but still clearly teaches these doctrines. The word "church" is also not found in the books of 2 Timothy, Titus, 2 Peter, 1 or 2 John or Jude, but these books are clearly written both to and about the Church.

- b. The book of Jude does not mention the Church by name, but uses the word "saints" to refer to the Church in v. 3 & 14, just as the Apostle John does **throughout the book of Revelation** (Rev. 5:8, 8:3-4, 11:18, 13:7, 13:10, 14:12, 15:3, 16:6, 17:6, 18:24, and 19:8). Other references to a faithful church remnant in Revelation are the martyrs of 6:9-11, the great multitude of 7:9-17, those who die in the Lord in Rev. 14:13, and the people of God called out of Babylon, Rev. 18:4. **The Church is seen all throughout the book of Revelation.** To say that these "saints" or believers are saved Israelites who believe during the Tribulation, but who are not as worthy as we are of being spared that awful time, is **not justifiable** from scripture.
8. **The Second Coming of Christ is presented throughout the Bible as a one-time climactic event, not to be divided into two phases of Rapture (resurrection) and then Return. Jesus will return at the *end* of the Tribulation, first to put down antichrist's rebellion, and then to resurrect His saints.**
- a. Nowhere in the Bible is there **any** indication or teaching given that the Second Advent will be in two phases, or that it will be preceded seven years beforehand by such a momentous event as the rapture of the Church. This doctrine (two-stage return) was not taught by any of the Apostles. **All references to the Second Coming are of one end-time event.** (Matt. 16:27-28; Matt. 24-25; Mark 13; Luke 12:35-40; Luke 21; John 14:1-3; 1 Cor. 1:7-8; 1 Cor. 15:23-24, 51-53; Phillip. 3:20-21; 1 Thes. 3:13, 4:15-18 & 5:23; 2 Thes. 1:4-10, 2:8; 1 Tim 6:14, 2 Tim 4:1-8; Titus 2:13; 1 Pet 1:7,13 & 4:12-13; 1 Jn 3:2, Rev. 19:11-21)
- b. The three Greek words used in the NT for the Second Coming (*parousia*, *epiphaneia*, and *apokalupsis*) are used interchangeably in relation to all end-time events associated with the Second Coming, with no distinction ever being made between the Rapture and the Return of Christ:
1. ***Epiphaneia*** (2015) - usually translated "appearing," used in the following passages:
 Titus 2:13 - our blessed hope
 2 Thes. 2:8 - (translated "brightness" in KJV) - destruction of antichrist
 1 Tim 6:14 (v. 11-19) - conclusion of church ministry and service
 2 Tim 4:1 - judgment of the living and the dead
 ↳ The ***epiphaneia*** of Christ is our blessed hope, at which time antichrist will be destroyed, our work on earth will be ended, and the living and the dead will be judged (1 Thes. 4:16, 2 Cor. 5:10)
 2. ***Apokalupsis*** (602) - usually translated "revelation" or "revealed," used in the following passages:
 2 Thes. 1:5-10 - Christ coming with his angels to end our suffering (no promise of a Pre-trib rapture; the comfort given in this passage is the vengeance to be taken on the enemies of God's people)
 1 Peter 1:7,13 & 4:13 - Christ coming after the testing of our faith by fire (no Pre-trib promise)
 1 Cor. 1:7-8 - Christ coming at "the end," confirming the saints unto the Day of Christ
 ↳ The ***apokalupsis*** of Christ occurs at the end, at the day of the Lord, after the testing of our faith by fire, when He comes with his angels taking vengeance on His enemies, to be glorified in His saints.
 3. ***Parousia*** (3952) - usually translated "coming," used in the following passages:
 Matt. 24:3,27,30 - Christ's *coming* at the second advent following the "tribulation of those days"
 1 Cor. 15:23 - Resurrection of those that are Christ's at His *coming*
 1 Thes. 3:13 - Christ *coming* with all His saints
 1 Thes. 4:15 - the Rapture occurs at Christ's *coming*
 1 Thes 5:23 - Paul's prayer for believers to remain blameless until the Lord's *coming*
 2 Thes 2:8 - Destruction of antichrist by the appearing (*epiphaneia*) of Christ's coming (*parousia*)
 ↳ At the ***parousia*** of Christ, all the above takes place: Christ comes with his saints, after the tribulation, to destroy antichrist, and to resurrect (rapture) all those "asleep" in Christ

Conclusion: the way these Greek words are used interchangeably in relation to all these end-time events, with no distinction made between rapture and return, indicates that they all take place at about the same time in planned sequence and are not separated by the 7- year Tribulation Period.

9. **The argument that the "Imminency" of the Rapture** (that it is the next prophetic event to be fulfilled with no signs preceding it) **requires the Rapture to Precede the Tribulation, is false.** This argument is based on circular reasoning (use of a false conclusion drawn **from** the Pre-trib position in attempt to support the Pre-trib theory). We are given **several signs** in Matthew 24 (and elsewhere) which Jesus himself clearly taught would precede His return. These signs include the Gospel being preached in all nations (Mt. 24:14-15; see Note above at 1.c.2 re. Scofield's heretical note at Rev. 14:6 re. Christ's gospel vs. Paul's), the coming of the great tribulation, the rise of the "apostasy" and of antichrist (2 Thes. 2:1-3, 1 Tim. 4:1), Peter's martyrdom (John 21:18-19), etc.

The passage of time cannot change the meaning of scripture. If the Lord's return was not imminent (any moment) when scripture was written (it wasn't imminent for Peter!), it cannot be so now either. There are **several** signs that must be fulfilled before the Lord's return. No man can know the day or hour of the Lord's return, but we are "not in darkness" and are supposed to know when it is near (Matt. 24:33, 1 Thes. 5:4).

10. **The Pre-trib argument that the nature of the Church (the Bride of Christ) forbids it going through the Tribulation is in error.** This argument is based on the premise that the church is exempt from suffering the wrath of God, Rom. 5:9, 1 Thes. 5:9, Rev. 3:10. This argument is in error because:
- The "wrath" mentioned in many passages cited refers to the wrath of eternal judgment in hell rather than suffering through the Tribulation (see Rom 1:18, 2:5-10, Heb. 3:11, etc.)
 - If believers are to be "raptured" to escape the wrath of the great Tribulation, then those who believe during the Tribulation must be immediately raptured as well upon conversion, which is clearly *not* the case.
 - Christians need not be removed from earth for God to protect them from His wrath (John 17:15).** God's protection of the Israelites during the plagues on Egypt typifies protection of the faithful remnant of the Church during the Tribulation (similar plagues). Noah was not removed from earth during God's judgment but was protected through it. Lot was not raptured but was moved to a place of safety. The phrase "*I also will keep thee from the hour of temptation which shall come upon all the world*" in Rev. 3:10 can refer to divine protection rather than removal from the earth, and was a conditional promise given to only one of the seven churches of Asia, as compared to the promise of persecution and Tribulation given to the faithful church at Smyrna (Rev. 2:8-11).
 - Jesus will return for a Bride that has *made herself ready* (Rev 19:7), and that has been purged, purified, and made white (Dan 11:35, 12:10). This purification will happen, as always throughout history, through the refining fire of suffering and persecution (Acts 14:22). We are to take up our cross and follow Jesus; the way of the cross has in most ages of the church been the way of persecution and suffering (John 15:18-24; Phillip. 1:29; 1 Thes. 3:4; 2 Tim. 2:12 & 3:12, etc). Suffering and persecution always strengthens the church; the absence thereof always weakens it.
11. **The argument that the Post-trib Rapture is impossible, as it leaves no "non-raptured" people to populate the earth during the Millennium, is false.** There are at least three possible answers to this argument:
- The wicked unsaved who are destroyed at the Lord's coming will have children that have not yet reached the age of accountability. The earth may be re-populated by orphans (Jer. 49:11).
 - The Bible does not teach that all unsaved are destroyed at Christ's return. In fact it indicates otherwise: **Zech 14:16** - "*And it shall come to pass, that every one that is left of all the nations which came against Jerusalem shall even go up from year to year to worship the King, the LORD of hosts, and to keep the feast of tabernacles.*" Many unsaved people may indeed be spared annihilation at the time of Christ's return.
 - Matt 3:9 - "*And think not to say within yourselves, We have Abraham to our father: for I say unto you, that God is able of these stones to raise up children unto Abraham.*" God is sovereign and can do as He pleases! The Bible's clear teaching of a post-trib rapture cannot be undone by an argument from mere logic.

CONCLUSION

All scriptures dealing with the *timing* of the rapture show it to occur *after* the great tribulation, in particular Matt. 24:29-31, 1 Cor. 15:51-52, 2 Thes. 2:1-8 and Rev. 20:4-5. Not only is the pre-trib rapture position in **direct conflict** with these scriptures, but **there is no verse or passage anywhere in the Bible that teaches that the Rapture must precede the Tribulation.** The arguments given to support a Pre-trib rapture are indirect and very weak at best, and involve forced, spiritualized or secretive interpretations of all passages it obviously conflicts with to conform the text to the Pre-trib position, rather than relying on the plain-sense interpretation of the scriptures. The Post-Tribulation Rapture position has **none** of these conflicts, **was** the historic position of the Apostles and early church, and because it **IS** exegetically derived from scripture it easily harmonizes with all passages related to the second coming of Christ. The great danger of the popular Pre-trib position is that it has produced a generation Christians that are totally unprepared for days ahead, who believe they can ignore the warnings of Matthew 24 the book of Revelation, and who see no reason to separate themselves from the rising "beast" system of Revelation 13, having been duped into believing those passages do not or will not apply to them. It is this writer's opinion that all the necessary mechanisms are now in place for Satan to attempt to implement the enslavement of all humanity under the rule of the antichrist, from the globally connected electronic banking system and the microchip ID implant which may apparently be used as the "mark of the beast," to the global government system being set up through the Vatican and UN. Christians must draw near to the Lord and do all they can to prepare for very difficult days ahead, including preparing spiritually and mentally to suffer great persecution such as the Western church has not seen in centuries. It is this writer's opinion that Christians should prepare to remove themselves from the banking and SS ("social security") system, and by learning how to function outside those systems. Finally, in addition to becoming aggressive confrontational soul-winners in this late hour, Christians should try to correct and inform their deceived brethren who have bought into in the **hoax** of the Pretrib Rapture. Amen.

The Book of Revelation - Outline

I. Introduction

- 1:1-3 Introduction, Blessing for those who listen
- 1:4-8 Salutation
- 1:9-20 Vision of the Lord Jesus

II. Messages to the Seven Churches

- 2:1-7 Ephesus - the Busy Church
 - 2:8-11 Smyrna - the Faithful Church
 - 2:12-17 Pergamos - the Compromising Church
 - 2:18-29 Thyatira - the Immoral Church
 - 3:1-6 Sardis - the Defiled and Dying Church
 - 3:7-13 Philadelphia - the Church of the Open Door
 - 3:14-22 Laodicea - the Lukewarm Church
- Commendation to all but Laodicea
Rebuke to all but Smyrna and Philadelphia
Common message to all the churches: He that has ears to hear must listen; he that overcomes will be rewarded, and what the Lord Jesus says to one, He says to all

III. The Throne Room in Heaven and Worship of the Lamb - Chapters 4-5

Chapters 6-19 - The Tribulation Period (70th Week of Daniel 9)

The events described in these chapters are **not** given in chronological order. The 6th Seal, 7th Trump & 7th Vial Judgments all describe the same event, which ends the tribulation at Christ's coming; thus the 7 Seals, Trumpets, and 7 Vials are three separate visions of parallel portions of the period, separated by parenthetical interludes at chapters 7 and 11-14, going both into past history and the future millennium. The **Seal** judgments encompass the *entire* 70th week of Daniel 9, with the first two immediately preceding and seventh immediately following, while the **Trumpet** and **Vial** Judgments occur only in the latter half (42 months) of that 'week' (Rev. 11:2-3, 12:6-7,14 & 13:5):

Timeline of Tribulation - Daniel's 70th Week

7 Seals ①② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥⑦
7 Trumpets (last 3 = 3 woes) ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦
7 Vials ①②③④⑤⑥⑦
|-----1st Half-----||-----2nd Half-----|

IV. Seven Seal Judgments - Chapter 6, 8:1

1st six seals - Chapter 6

- ① White Horse - Antichrist's Rise to Power - 6:1-2
- ② Red Horse - World War III - 6:3-4
(precipitates the covenant of Daniel 9:27)
- ③ Black Horse - Feast & Famine - 6:5-6
Destruction of the middle class
- ④ Pale Horse - Death - Pandemics & Plagues - 6:4-8
- ⑤ Martyrdom, promise of vengeance - 6:9-11
- ⑥ Great Earthquake & Signs in the Heavens - 6:13-14
(**Note:** the 6th Seal occurs "immediately *after* the tribulation of those days" - Matt. 24:29 (Is. 34:4))

V. (Parenthetical Interlude) - The Millennium

Chapter 7 - 144,000 Sealed, Redeemed Multitude

⑦ **7th Seal:** Silence in Heaven - 8:1

VI. Seven Trumpet Judgments - Chapters 8-9, 11

- ① Flaming Hail burns 1/3 earth - 8:7
- ② Burning Mountain - 1/3 Seas turned to blood - 8:8
- ③ Burning Star (Wormwood) - 1/3 Rivers/streams smitten
- ④ 1/3 Sun Moon & Stars smitten - darkness - 8:12

Last Three Trumpets - **3 woes** (8:13):

- ⑤ Apollyon - Torment by scorpion-like locusts - 9:1-12
- ⑥ 200M Man Army from east of Euphrates - 9:13-21
1/3 of mankind killed

VII. Seven Thunders - a Mystery message - Ch. 10

⑦ **The Last Trump** - 10:7, 11:15-19

Previews the 2nd Coming of Christ
Great earthquake, hail (6th Seal, 7th Vial)
(**Ends the tribulation;** cf. Rev 20:1-6;
1 Cor. 15:51-52, Matt. 24:31)

VIII. (Parenthetical Interludes)

Chapter 11:1-14 - The Two Witnesses

Chapter 12 - Satan attacks Israel

Chapter 13 - Antichrist and the False Prophet

Chapter 14 - Angelic Announcements

IX. Seven Vial Judgments - Chapters 15-16

- ① Grievous Sores - 16:2
- ② Sea turned to blood - all sea life dies - 16:3
- ③ All rivers & springs turned to blood - 16:4-7
- ④ Scorching Heat - 16:8-9
- ⑤ Darkness & Pain - 16:10-11
- ⑥ Euphrates dried up for Kings of East - 16:12-16
Preparations for Armageddon
- ⑦ Great Earthquake, Hail (6th Seal, 7th Trump) - 16:17-21

X. Babylon - Revived Roman Empire

Chapter 17 - Religious Babylon - Rome

Chapter 18 - Commercial/Political Babylon

Destruction of Babylon (Roman/American Empire)

XI. CHRIST'S SECOND ADVENT

Chapter 19 - Battle of Armageddon

XII. Millennial Reign of Christ - 20:1-6

- a. Satan bound for 1000 years - 20:2-3
- b. "First Resurrection" of the Redeemed - 20:4-6
Judgment Seat of Christ (Rom. 14:10) - believers only
- c. Millennial Reign of Christ on Earth
(Dan. 7:18, 26-27)

XIII. Satan's Final Rebellion - 20:7-9

Satan's Judgment & Doom - 20:10

XIV. Great White Throne Judgment - 20:11-15

XV. Our Eternal Inheritance - 21:1-22:5

The New Jerusalem

XVI. Epilogue & Conclusion - 22:6-21